

Unified Dev ALM for Finance & Operations

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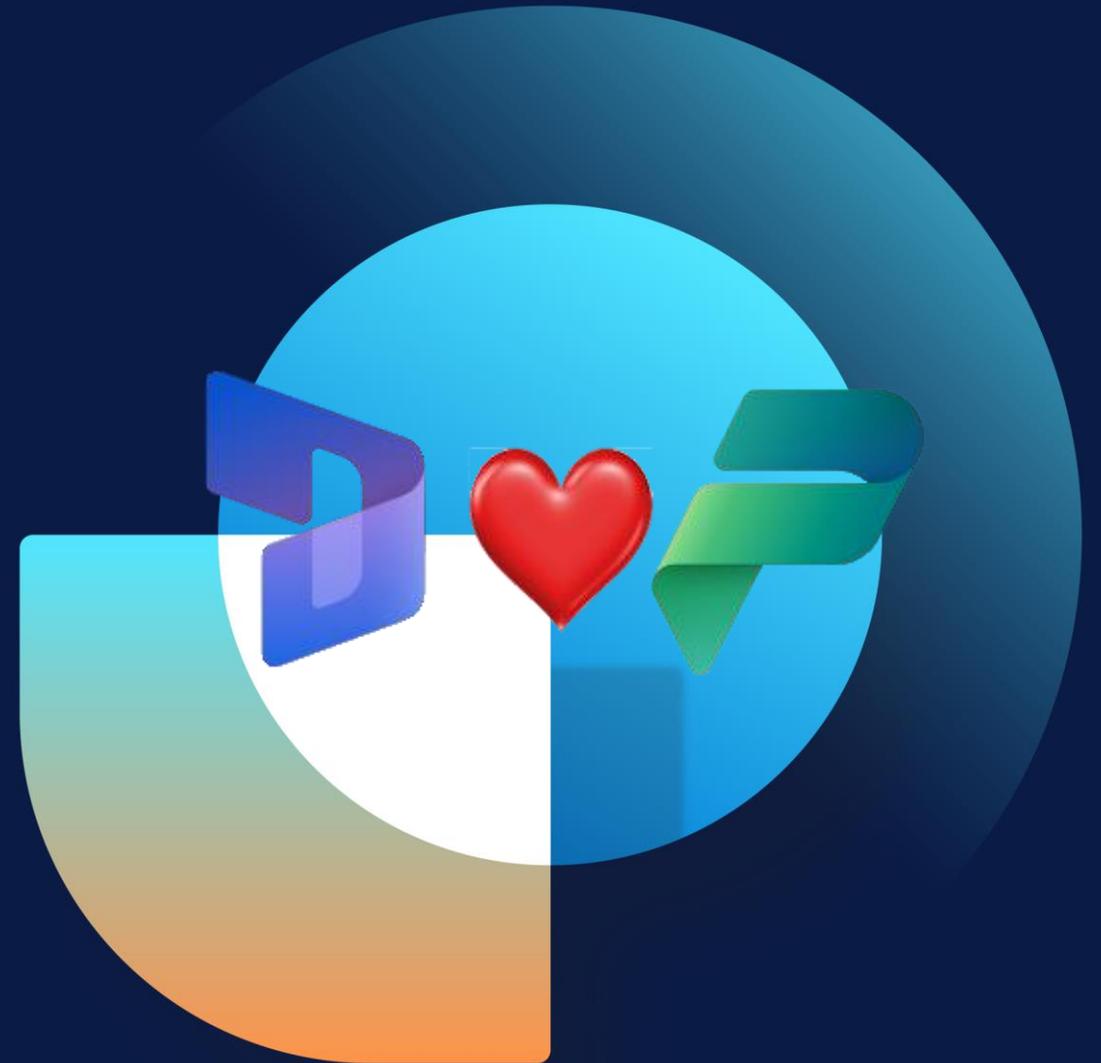
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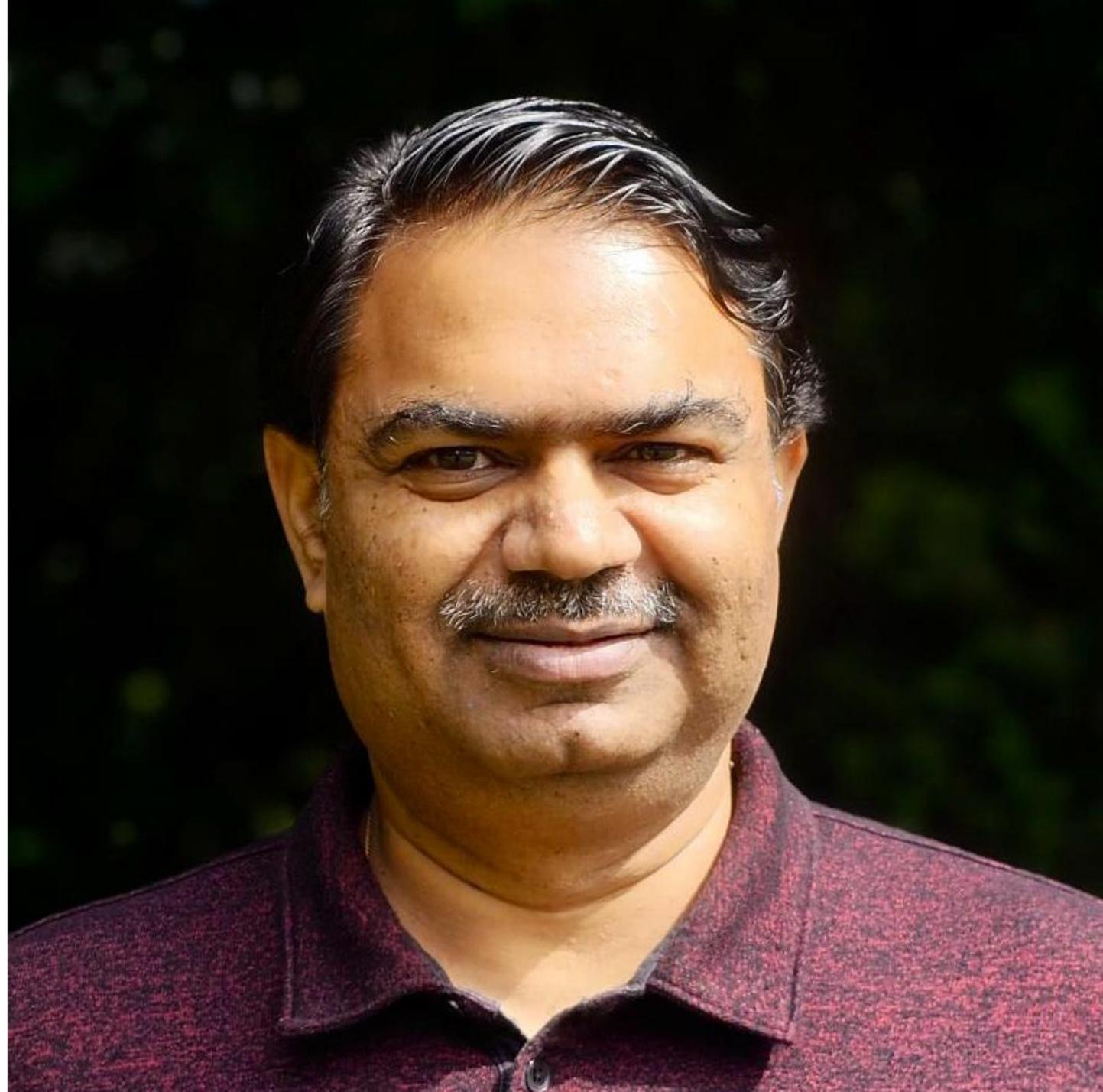


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TechTalk Series

- Session 1 - Unified Admin Experience ([YouTube Link](#))
- Session 2 – Unified Dev Experience ([YouTube Link](#))
- *Session 3 – Unified Dev ALM*

Agenda

Unified Dev ALM

Objectives

Azure DevOps (ADO) and Git

Version Control

Branching strategy

Getting started with development and release

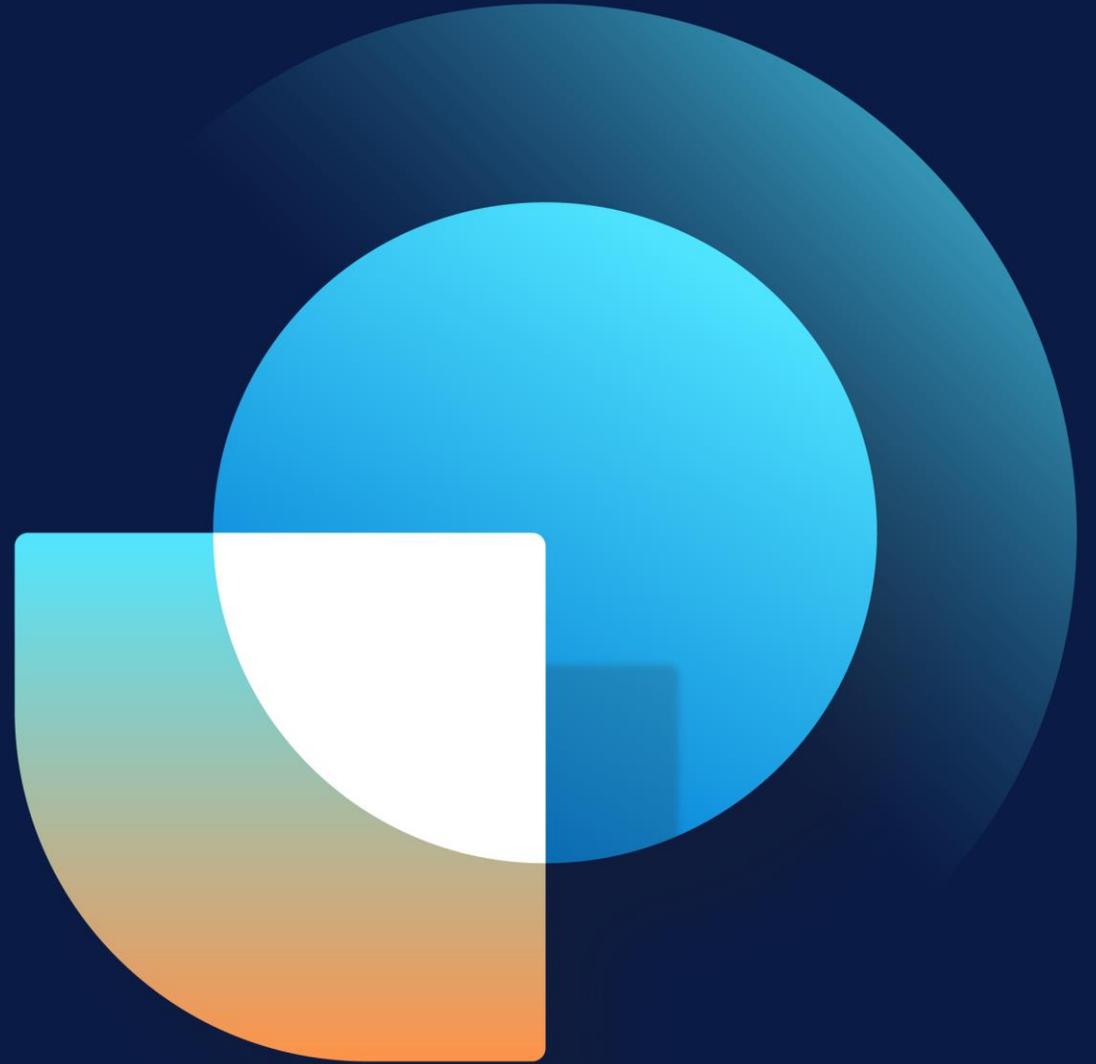
Continuous integration and deployment

Resources

Q&A

Objectives

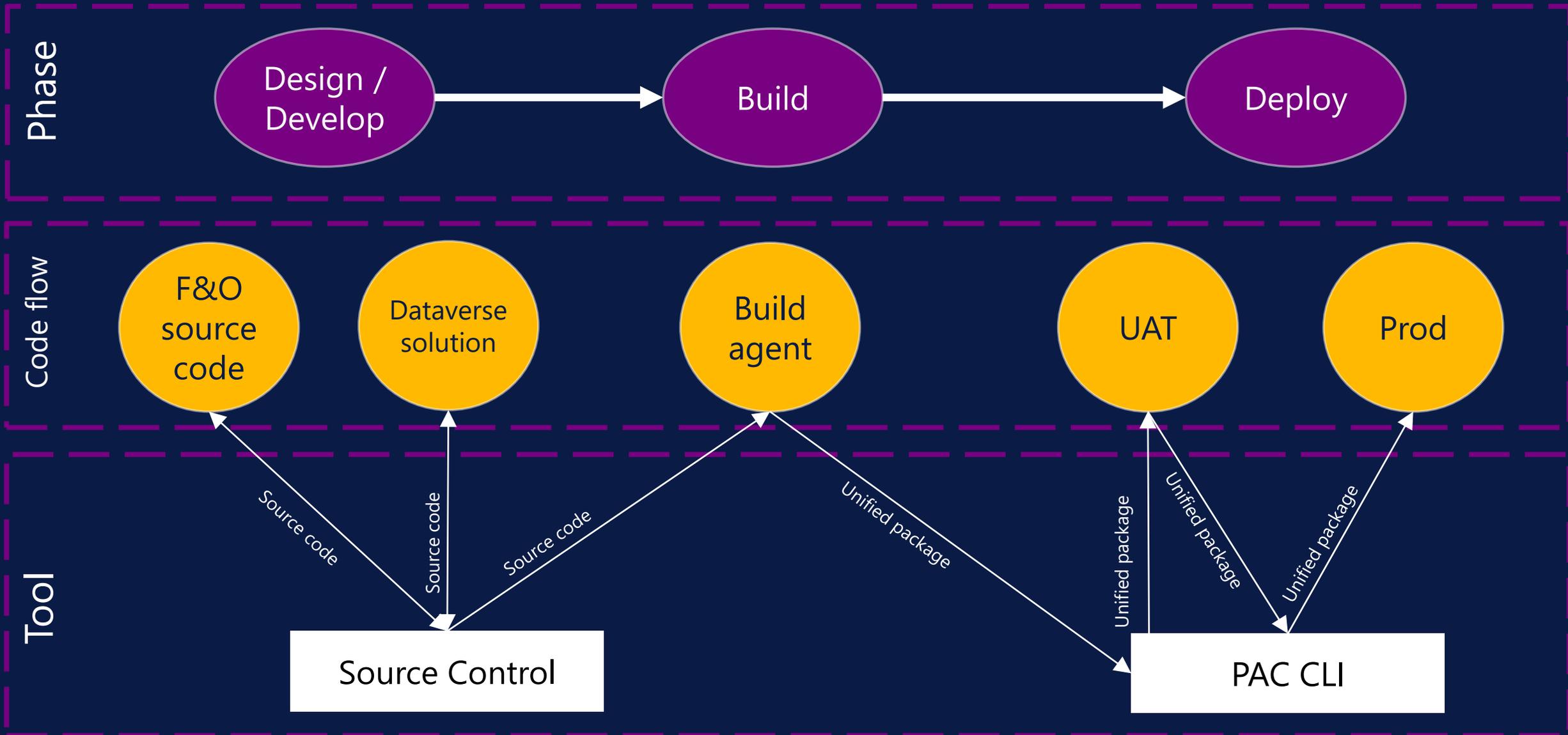
Priyanka Sinha



What could you do with Dev ALM – F&O and Dataverse

- We recommend using Git for version control though we continue to support Team Foundation Version Control (TFVC) for Finance and Operations
- We support Azure Dev Ops for artifacts, build and release of F&O
- We provide Azure Dev Ops tasks towards builds, deployments and tests
- Consistent Development policies across the apps and development teams
- Auditing, approval, change management, signing, ...

Unified Application Lifecycle Management



Getting started on Azure DevOps (ADO)

Priyanka Sinha



Configure Azure DevOps

- Sign up to Azure DevOps, create an account, and create a new project.
- When setting up Azure DevOps, prefer to select Git as version control, as Git is widely recognized version control system in the software industry however Team Foundation Version Control (TFVC) can also be used.
- Setup "Disable creation of TFVC repositories" in **Organization setting > Repos > Repositories**, which will only affect the creation of new TFVC repositories and won't impact existing ones.
- Create an Azure DevOps team project.
- Create the recommended folder structure in your team project.
- Init repository

[Configure your Azure DevOps organization and project](#)

Configure Azure DevOps - Finance and Operations

- Install Dynamics 365 Finance and Operations Tools - Visual Studio Marketplace in your DevOps project
- Connect Visual Studio to your team project
- Map/Clone your Azure DevOps project to your local model store and projects folder

Configure Azure DevOps – Customer Engagement

- Install Power Platform Build Tools for Azure DevOps in your DevOps project
- Install Dynamics 365 Finance and Operations Tools - Visual Studio Marketplace in your DevOps project
- Create service connections for Dataverse environments with configured service principal

Additional details:

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/power-platform/alm/devops-build-tools>

<https://powerusers.microsoft.com/t5/Power-Apps-Community-Blog/Detail-Step-By-Step-Power-Platform-ALM-with-Azure-DevOps/ba-p/1976808>

Version Control

Ankur Srivastava



Version control using Git

**Distributed
Version Control
System**

**Local Commit
and Version
Control
Operations**

**Lightweight
Branching**

**Easy Context
Switching**

**Merge and
Publish**

**Integration with
Visual Studio
and Azure
DevOps**

TFVC vs Git terminology

Operation	TFVC Workflow	Git Workflow
Create workspace	Create Workspace	N/A
Delete workspace	Delete Workspace	N/A
Code Download \ Configure your workspace	Create Workspace >> Map & Get	Create Repository >> Clone
Get Latest Code (First Time)	Get Latest Version	Clone
Get Latest Code (After First Time)	Get Latest Version	Pull
Code Commit	Check In	Commit + Push
Get Latest After Code Commit	Check In + Get Latest Version	Sync
Check Out a File for Editing	Check Out	Just start editing
Review Code	Code Review	Pull Request
Shelving Code	Shelveset	Stash
Files to be Included for Commit	Included Changes	Staged
Files to be Excluded for Commit	Exclude Changes	Unstage
Code Annotation	Annotate	Blame
View History	History	Log
Create Branch	Branch	Checkout -b
Delete Branch	N/A	Branch -d
Switch Branch	N/A	Checkout
Merge Changes	Merge	Merge
Resolve Conflicts	Resolve	Pull \ Merge >> Resolve Conflicts
Add Remote Repository	N/A	Add Remote
Remove Remote Repository	N/A	Remove Remote
List Remote Repositories	N/A	List Remote

Source Control Guidelines

- Default Target Branch Locked
- Merges Through Pull Requests (PRs)
- PRs Reference Work Items
- Consistent Commit History
- Branch Naming Conventions
- Clear Repository Documentation
- Secrets Management
- Public Repository Guidelines

Branching

Ankur Srivastava



Branching strategy

Branch configurations can vary depending on the development team's preferences and the Dynamics 365 implementation lifecycle.

Team should consider [minimum branching criteria](#) –

- Isolation of untested development code (code that's in development)
- Isolation of in-development code from test-eligible code
- Isolation of in-test code from production code
- Support for Long Functional Testing Cycles

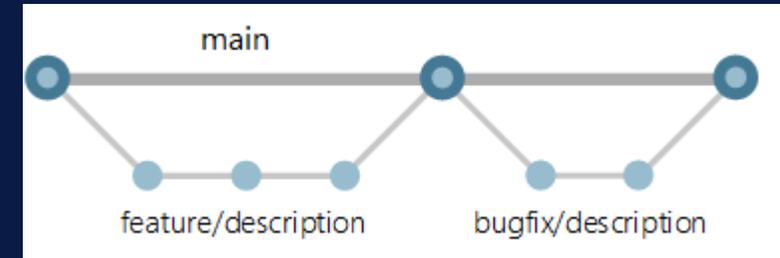
Ideally, the branching strategy should align with all requirements posed by the project plan. Scenarios can include –

- Developer isolation of features not to be pushed forward to production in the current phase
- Stabilized branches serving UAT/SIT (user acceptance testing / system integration testing) scenarios
- Hotfix branches enabling creating hotfix packages to be release to production

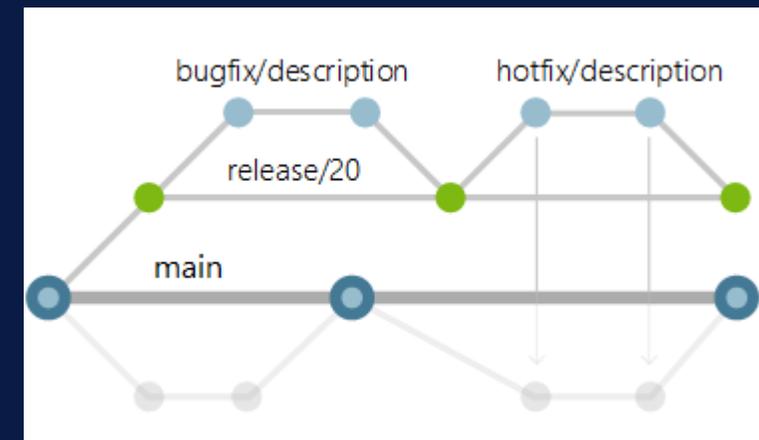
Branching in Git

- Use feature branches for all new features and bug fixes.
 - Develop your features and fix bugs in feature branches based off main branch
 - Even small fixes and changes should have their own feature branch.
- Review and merge code with pull requests
 - Merge branches through pull requests that pass your review process.
- Keep a high quality, up-to-date main branch.
 - The code in your main branch should pass tests, build cleanly, and always be current.
 - Set up a branch policy for your main branch
- Use release branches
 - Create a release branch from the main branch to manage releases
 - Create branches to fix bugs from the release branch and merge them back into the release branch in a pull request

Managing Development



Managing Release



Development flow

Pankaj Thakur



Development flow (inner loop)



- Helix
- Overview
- Summary
- Dashboards
- Wiki
- Boards
- Repos
- Pipelines
- Test Plans
- Artifacts
- Compliance
- Start Right



About this project

Help others to get on board!
Describe your project and make it easier for other people to understand it.

+ Add Project Description



Project stats

Period: Last 7 days

Repos

1 Pull requests opened

67 Commits and Changesets by 3 authors

Pipelines



Members

20



clone the repository

Projects - Home

https://dev.azure.com/ProgrammingModel/

Azure DevOps

Search

SN

ProgrammingModel

+ New project

Filter projects

Projects My work items My pull requests

Helix

Organization settings

Continuous integration and deployment

Sourabh Namilikonda



Continuous Integration and Deployment (outer loop)

Install Build Tools

- [Dynamics 365 Finance and Operations Tools](#)
- [Power Platform Build Tools](#)

Create Service Connection

- Install Pac CLI [Microsoft Power Platform CLI - Power Platform | Microsoft Learn](#)
- [Create connection to environment](#)

Create build pipelines

- [Create/use existing build pipeline](#)
- [Continuous integration and deployment - Power Platform | Microsoft Learn](#)

Create deployment pipelines

- [Build tool tasks - Power Platform | Microsoft Learn](#)

Microsoft Power Platform Build Tools | Dynamics 365 Finance and Operations | Microsoft Power Platform admin center

https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/dynamics365/fin-ops-core/dev-itpro/dev-tools/hosted-build-automation

Filter by title

- Build automation using Microsoft-hosted agents and Azure Pipelines
- Add license files to a deployable package in Azure Pipelines
- Create deployable packages in Azure Pipelines
- X++ model-versioning in Azure Pipelines
- Download assets by using Azure Pipelines
- Upload assets by using Azure Pipelines
- Deploy assets by using Azure Pipelines
- Create a Lifecycle Services (LCS) connection in Azure Pipelines
- Update LCS connection authentication tasks to MSAL in Azure Pipelines
- Update the hosted Azure Pipeline for new NuGet packages
- Update a legacy pipeline in Azure Pipelines

> Fleet Management sample application

> Visual Studio tools

> X++ programming language

> API, class, and table reference

> Extensibility

> Performance

> Testing support in Visual Studio

Date effectivity

Download PDF

Organization settings

- For version 10.0.40 or newer, use the following arguments:

```
dos
/p:BuildTasksDirectory="$(Pipeline.Workspace)\NuGets\Microsoft.Dynamics.AX.Platform.Compiler
/p:MetadataDirectory="$(Build.SourcesDirectory)\Metadata"
/p:FrameworkDirectory="$(Pipeline.Workspace)\NuGets\Microsoft.Dynamics.AX.Platform.CompilerF
/p:ReferenceFolder="$(Pipeline.Workspace)\NuGets\Microsoft.Dynamics.AX.Platform.DevALM.Builde
/p:ReferencePath="$(Pipeline.Workspace)\NuGets\Microsoft.Dynamics.AX.Platform.CompilerPackag
```

In the pipeline samples, variables for NuGet package names and paths are used to simplify these commands.

Creating a full pipeline that includes packaging

To be useful, the pipeline should include a versioning step and a packaging step. Before you can add these steps to a pipeline, the [Dynamics 365 finance and operations Tools](#) extension for Azure DevOps must be enabled and installed in the Azure DevOps organization. For information about how to install an extension for an organization, see the [Azure DevOps documentation](#).

A full pipeline should consist of at least the following steps:

1. Install the NuGet packages.
2. Update the model versions.
3. Build the solution or projects.
4. Install NuGet 3.3.0 or earlier on the agent. (This step is required for the step that creates the deployable package.)
5. Create the deployable package.
6. Publish the deployable package artifact as the build output.

For the deployable package to be created, NuGet must be readily available on the build agent. Therefore, the **NuGet tool installer** task in Azure DevOps must be run before the step that creates the package.

Additional resources

Training

Module

Create a build pipeline with Azure Pipelines - Training

Set up a continuous integration (CI) pipeline that automates the process of building your application.

Documentation

Create deployable packages in Azure Pipelines - Finance & Operations | Dynamics 365

Learn about how you can create a software deployable package when you run build automation in Microsoft Azure DevOps.

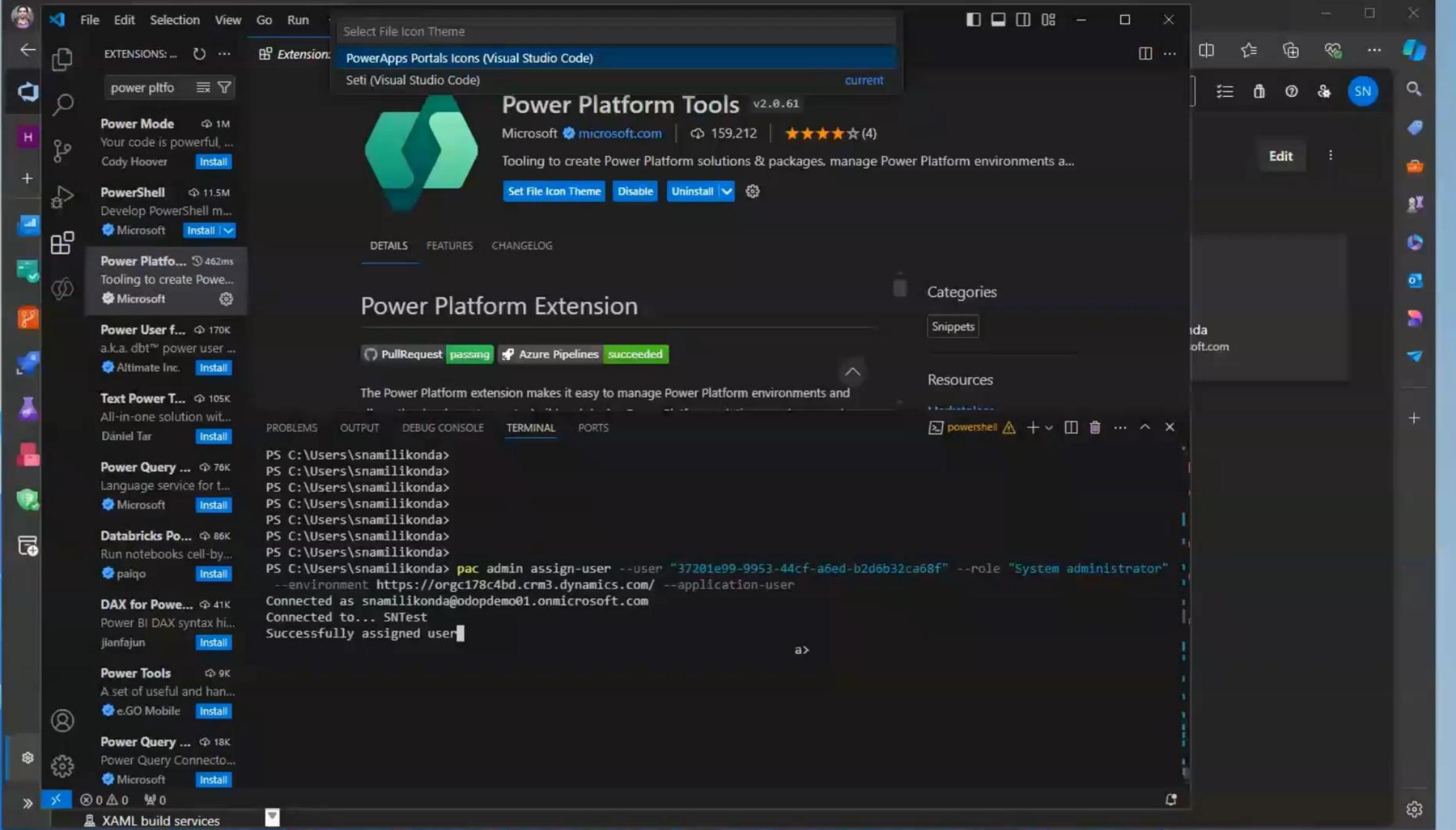
X++ model-versioning in Azure Pipelines - Finance & Operations | Dynamics 365

Learn about how you can automatically version X++ models when you run build automation in Microsoft Azure DevOps.

Update the hosted Azure Pipeline for new NuGet packages - Finance & Operations | Dynamics 365

Learn about how to update an Azure pipeline to use new NuGet packages, including outlines on how to add pipeline variables and updating build solutions steps.

Show 5 more



File Explorer sidebar for UDEDevALM:

- build
- config
- Metadata
 - FleetManagement
 - FleetManagementExtension
 - FleetManagementUnitTests
 - Descriptor
 - FleetManagementUnitTests
 - AxClass
 - FleetConfigUnitTests.xml**
- AxIgnoreDiagnosticList
- AxRuleSet
- XppMetadata
 - SourceDocumentationCounterS
- Solution
- .gitignore

main / FleetManagementUnitTests / AxClass / FleetConfigUnitTests.xml

FleetConfigUnitTests.xml

Contents History Compare Blame

```
17 [SysTestCheckInTestAttribute]
18 public void testTotalsEngineConfig()
19 {
20     FMTotalsEngineBase engine;
21
22     FMDataHelper::ConfigureTotalsEngine();
23     engine = FMTotalsEngineBase::GetInstance();
24
25     this.assertNotNull(engine);
26     this.assertTrue(engine is FMTotalsEngine);
27 }
28
29 ]]></Source>
30 </Method>
31 <Method>
32     <Name>testDiscountEngineConfig</Name>
33     <Source><![CDATA[
34
35     /// <summary>
36     /// Tests that an FEDiscountEngine is created correctly through the SysPluginFactory
37     /// </summary>
38     [SysTestCheckInTestAttribute]
39     public void testDiscountEngineConfig()
40     {
41         FMTotalsEngineBase engine;
42
43         FMDataHelper::ConfigureTotalsEngine();
44         FEDiscountSetup::ConfigureDiscountEngine();
45
46         engine = FMTotalsEngineBase::GetInstance();
47     }
48 ]]></Source>
49 </Method>
```

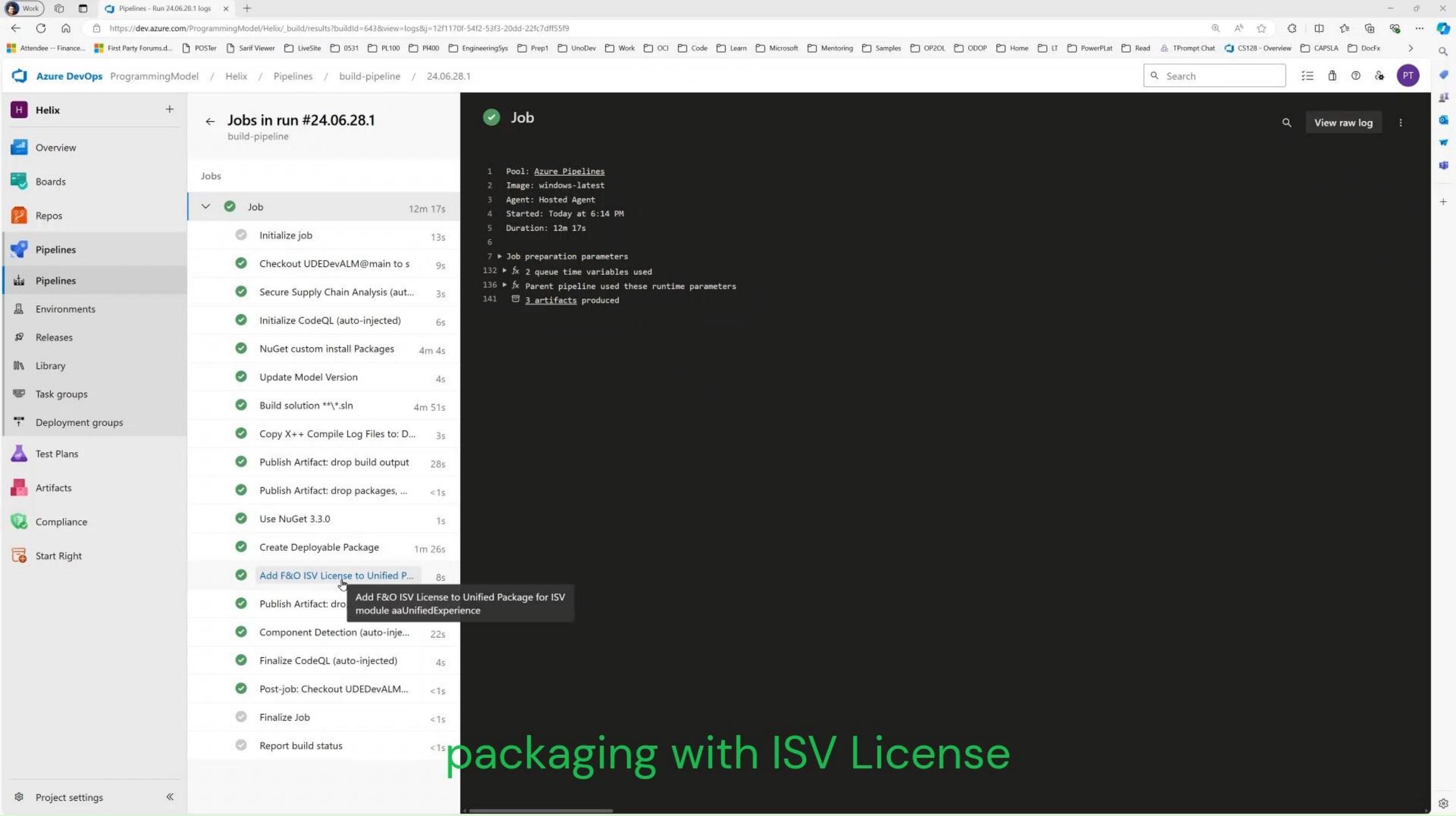
Other mechanisms to execute tests using pipelines (sample demo only)

The screenshot shows the Azure DevOps web interface. At the top, the URL is `https://dev.azure.com/ProgrammingModel/Helix/_build/results?buildId...`. The breadcrumb navigation shows: `ProgrammingModel / Helix / Pipelines / CloudRuntime3PCICDPipelineBugBashPreviewMktPlc / 24.06.24.4`. The main content area displays a pipeline run summary for `#24.06.24.4 • Merge branch '2modeltest' of https://dev.azure.com/CloudRuntime3PCICDPipelineBugBashPreviewMktPlc`. It indicates the run is retained as one of 3 recent runs. The run was manually triggered by Sourabh Namilikonda. The repository is `CloudRuntime3PCICDPipeline` and the version is `2modeltest`. The run started on Monday at 1:09 AM and has a duration of 21m 4s. A 'Jobs' section shows a single job named 'Job' with a green status icon. A modal window titled 'Run pipeline' is open, allowing manual execution. It contains the following fields and options:

- Branch/tag:** `2modeltest`
- EnvUrl:** `https://orgc178c4bd.crm3.dynamics.com`
- PlatVersion:** `7.0.7198.128`
- AppVersion:** `10.0.1860.109`
- Deploy Package In This Run**
- PowerPlatformEnvironment:** `SNTestEnvODOPModel1 (Required)`
- ClientSecret**
- SearchPattern for Models to test:** `AADevALMDemo1Test`
- PowerPlatformAppld:** `na` (Required)
- BuildOutputLoc:** `$(Build.BinariesDirectory)`
- Add License To Package This Run**
- Add License PackageSource Location:** `$(Build.ArtifactStagingDirectory)\CloudDeployablePackage`
- ExecuteTests In This Run**
- Execute TestPowerShellScript In This Run**

The screenshot shows the job log for the 'Job' step, which completed in 2m 22s. The log lists the following tasks and their durations:

Task Name	Duration
Initialize job	1s
Checkout CloudRuntime3PCICDPi...	3s
Secure Supply Chain Analysis (aut...	3s
NuGet custom install Packages	5s
Update Model Version	1s
Build solution ***.sln	15s
Copy X++ Compile Log Files to: C:...	1s
Use NuGet 3.3.0	1s
Create Deployable Package	<1s
Add Licenses to Deployable Pac...	<1s
Publish Artifact: drop	2s
Power Platform Tool Installer	<1s
Power Platform WhoAml	21s
Power Platform Deploy Package	<1s
Power Platform Set Connection ...	<1s
Directory content after download	2s
Execute Unit Tests in Unified ...	1m 20s
Component Detection (auto-injec...	1s
Post-job: Checkout CloudRuntim...	<1s
Finalize Job	<1s
Report build status	<1s



- Helix
- Overview
- Boards
- Repos
- Pipelines
- Pipelines
- Environments
- Releases
- Library
- Task groups
- Deployment groups
- Test Plans
- Artifacts
- Compliance
- Start Right
- Project settings

Jobs in run #24.06.28.1
build-pipeline

Jobs

Job	12m 17s
Initialize job	13s
Checkout UDEDevALM@main to s	9s
Secure Supply Chain Analysis (aut...	3s
Initialize CodeQL (auto-injected)	6s
NuGet custom install Packages	4m 4s
Update Model Version	4s
Build solution ***.sln	4m 51s
Copy X++ Compile Log Files to: D...	3s
Publish Artifact: drop build output	28s
Publish Artifact: drop packages, ...	<1s
Use NuGet 3.3.0	1s
Create Deployable Package	1m 26s
Add F&O ISV License to Unified P...	8s
Publish Artifact: dro	
Component Detection (auto-inje...	22s
Finalize CodeQL (auto-injected)	4s
Post-job: Checkout UDEDevALM...	<1s
Finalize Job	<1s
Report build status	<1s

Job

View raw log

```

1 Pool: Azure Pipelines
2 Image: windows-latest
3 Agent: Hosted Agent
4 Started: Today at 6:14 PM
5 Duration: 12m 17s
6
7 Job preparation parameters
132 ▶ fx 2 queue time variables used
136 ▶ fx Parent pipeline used these runtime parameters
141 3 artifacts produced

```

Add F&O ISV License to Unified Package for ISV module aaUnifiedExperience

packaging with ISV License

Verify deployment history and logs

You can download the logs from your Dataverse organization:

- Login to the Dataverse organization
- Find **Finance and Operation Package Manager App** on the main page
- Select the app and then from left pane, select **Operation History**
- Open the respective record by selecting the **Operation Name** and download the operation logs (operationlogs.zip file)
- Note that when using Visual Studio, a link to download operation logs is available in the Visual Studio output pane.

The screenshot displays the Dynamics 365 interface for the 'Finance and Operation Package Manager' app in a 'SANDBOX' environment. The top navigation bar includes 'Dynamics 365', 'Finance and Operation Package Mana...', and 'SANDBOX'. The left sidebar shows navigation options: Home, Recent, Pinned, Management, Modules, Package, Operation History, and Unit Test Suites. The main area shows a table of 'Active Finance and Operations Operation Histories*'. The table has columns for 'Started On', 'Operation Name', 'Correlation...', 'Operation St...', and 'Descript'. The table contains several rows of data, including 'Unit Test Execution' and 'Deploy' operations. A detailed view of a 'Deploy' record is shown below the table, indicating it is 'Saved' and 'Completed'. The record details include 'Operation Name: Deploy', 'Owner: # testdemo1', and 'Logs: operationlogs.zip'. A 'Copilot' chat window is visible on the right side of the interface.

Started On	Operation Name	Correlation...	Operation St...	Descript
6/27/2024 5:22 PM	Unit Test Execution	f323a7fb-51...	Succeeded	Unit T
6/27/2024 5:04 PM	Unit Test Execution	09500e29-99...	Succeeded	Unit T
6/27/2024 4:45 PM	Deploy	4958c03c-f7...	Succeeded	Depic
6/26/2024 7:14 PM	Deploy	99f719a1-32...	Succeeded	Depic
6/26/2024 6:36 PM	Unit Test Execution	01e32391-6f...	Succeeded	Unit T
6/26/2024 6:18 PM	Deploy	ced0c9a8-57...	Succeeded	Depic
6/26/2024 6:11 PM	Unit Test Execution	5393788a-5...	Succeeded	Unit T
6/25/2024 6:36 AM	Unit Test Execution	6812552a-fd...	Succeeded	Unit T

Resources

Priyanka Sinha



- What is the recommendation to use Git or TFVC as version control?
 - Start using Git, it has become the preferred version control system in Azure Repos. While some still rely on TFVC and we don't intend to remove this feature set, we plan to phase out TFVC gradually for new projects and organizations, as well as for projects that currently don't use TFVC.
- How to migrate from TFVC to Git?
 - Refer to [Import and migrate repositories from TFVC to Git - Azure Repos](#)
- How can a fully deployable package (Lifecycle Services legacy package) be created?
 - Deployable package can be created from Azure DevOps pipelines in addition to the unified format.
 - Not possible from Visual Studio.
- How can a fully deployable package (Lifecycle Services legacy package) be converted into the new format to be compatible for deployment to environments?
 - Locate ModelUtil.exe inside the bin folder and run it from the command line to see usage.
 - Choose the option and provide the package zip and output location as parameters.

Resources

[Viva Engage : Dynamics 365 and Power Platform Preview Programs : Private Preview: Online Development](#)

[Campaign: Fusion: ODOP - One Developer experience preview - Dynamics 365](#)

[Unified admin experience for finance and operations apps \(preview\) - Power Platform | Microsoft Learn](#)

[Unified developer experience for finance and operations apps \(preview\) - Power Platform | Microsoft Learn](#)

[Continuous integration and deployment](#)

[One Dynamics One Platform – TechTalk Series](#)

[What is Power Platform Tools for Visual Studio - Power Platform | Microsoft Learn](#)

[Frequently asked questions \(preview\) - Power Platform | Microsoft Learn](#)

Resources

[Azure Repos Git Documentation](#)

[Get started with Git and Visual Studio - Azure Repos](#)

[X++ in Git - Finance & Operations](#)

[Branching in Git](#)

[Git branching guidance - Azure Repos](#)

[Import and migrate repositories from TFVC to Git - Azure Repos](#)

[Git branch policies and settings - Azure Repos | Microsoft Learn](#)

[How Microsoft develops with DevOps - Azure DevOps](#)

Summary and Key takeaways

- ✓ Significance of adopting modern Dev ALM practices
- ✓ Utilizing Git for version control
- ✓ Implementing effective branching strategies
- ✓ Understanding on Development and Release flow
- ✓ Git repository setup and working with git
- ✓ Embracing Continuous Integration and Deployment
- ✓ Creating classic and yaml pipelines for build, release and testing



QUESTIONS

Dankie Faleminderit **Shukran** Chnorakaloutioun Hvala Blagodaria
Děkuji **Tak** Dank u **Tānan** Kiitos **Merci** Danke Ευχαριστώ A dank
Mahalo הודות. **Dhanyavād** Köszönöm Takk Terima kasih **Grazie** Grazzi

Thank you!

감사합니다 Paldies Choukrane Aċiū Благодарам ありがとうございます
谢谢 Баярлалаа **Dziękuję** Obrigado Mulțumesc **Спасибо** Ngiyabonga
Ďakujem **Tack** Nandri **Kop khun** Teşekkür ederim Дякую Хвала Diolch



Microsoft Dynamics 365